SIGNIFICANCE AND POPULARITY IN MUSIC PRODUCTION





Bernardo Monechi, ISI Foundation Cognition & Socio-Ecology Session CCS2016 Asmterdam



John Templeton Foundation

THE STRUGGLE FOR SUCCESS

- In many fields concerning artistic creation, there is a constant struggle for success
- Popular music artists want their songs on the top of the billboards..
- Painters want their artworks to be known among the population (or just the population interested in art..)
- Scientists want their work recognized by the scientific community.. And possibly by the rest of the population!

ARTWORKS VALUE

- ..but is "success" the only value attributed to artworks?
- Maybe not:
 - Experts Appreciation..
 - Impact over other artists..
 - Impact outside the field...
 - Niche..



IMPACT OVER OTHER ARTISTS..

- **JB Lenoir** (1929-1965)
- Wrote several Blues Standards..
- "You Shook Me":
 - Muddy Waters
 - Led Zeppelin
 - B.B. King
 - O
- Wim Wenders "The Soul of a Man" (2003)
- Blues All of Fame (2011)



"J.B had a struggle playin' unappreciated blues in vain,

Now the Blues has lost a king and I've lost a friend who died in vain"

John Mayall - The Death of JB Lenoir (1968)

IMPACT OUTSIDE THE FIELD..

- John Carpenter's The Thing (1982)
- "Lower-than-expected" box office revenues
- Hard to compete with Steven Spielberg's ET the Extra-Terrestrial and Ridley Scott's Blade Runner released the same day
- Became a cult film
- Now Considered one of the "greatest horror movies ever made"
- According to IMDb

(http://www.imdb.com/) is now referenced in other movies, cartoons, animes, tv shows, videogames..





- Is it possible to identify different levels of "significance" of artworks?
- If it is, which are the criteria used to choose if an album is significant?
- Is it linked with intrinsic features? With the relation between an artwork and the others? With the way it influenced the production of other artworks in the future?

POPULAR MUSIC

- Popular Music is a worldwide culture: shared perspective over famous artists, music genres, etc..
- Music Recording Industry had an estimated total value of 15 billion US\$ in 2014
- Lots of data: Last.fm, MusicBrainz, Discogs..





POPULAR MUSIC DB: LAST.FM

- Last.fm is a website where people can listen to music and share it with each other
- Stores info about
 bands/artists, albums and music
 tracks
- Users can comment each element and annotate it with tags in order to classify them
- Other info: **Playcount**, release date, similar elements...



15 October 1969	6 tracks	43:40	Turnet Bully	
RELEASE DATE	RUNNING LENGTH	RUNNING TIME	BUY THIS ALB	UM

progressive rock · jazz fusion · jazz-rock · 1969 · rock · instrumental

Hot Rats is the second solo album by Frank Zappa. It was released in October 1969. The album consists of six songs, five of which are instrumental (the song "Willie the Pimp' features a short vocal by Capitain Beefheart), it was Zappa's first recording project after the dissolution of the original Mothers of Invention. Because it focuses on long a participation of the original Mothers of Invention. Because it focuses on long

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Shoutbox

Recently Popular 🗸

Log in to Last.fm or sign up to leave a shout.



I don't listen to the rest that much but those first two tracks have to be one of the best two-punch combo openers I've ever heard.

SIGNIFICANCE IN POPULAR MUSIC

- Aim: use user defined tags in order to build a growing conceptual space representing music production at a given time:
 - \circ Relation between albums
 - \circ $\;$ Relation between albums and global music production $\;$
 - Albums contribution to the growth of the space in terms of actualized space, adjacent possible (short term impact), long-term impact



• Use it in order to define metrics capable of predicting success or significance in a broader sense

SIGNIFICANCE IN POPULAR MUSIC

Not a completely brand new approach:

- [1] Cattuto, Ciro, et al. "Collective dynamics of social annotation." *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* 106.26 (2009): 10511–10515.
- [2] Bischoff, Kerstin, et al. "Can all tags be used for search?." Proceedings of the 17th ACM conference on Information and knowledge management. ACM, 2008. APA
- [3] Sreenivasan, Sameet. "Quantitative analysis of the evolution of novelty in cinema through crowdsourced keywords." arXiv preprint arXiv:1304.0786 (2013)

DATA SELECTION

- Wrong Release Dates: many times not the first one.
- Integration with MusicBrainz DB.
- Over-Tagging: poorly validated tags in non-popular albums

Time Resolution: 1 year 163829 Albums 108984 Distinct Tags From 1950 to 2015



Number of album tags as a function of the album Playcount

GROWING CONCEPTUAL SPACE

New Album



GUITAR PSYCHEDELIC

- Tags are the nodes of the network
- A link represents co-occurrence in an album
- Link weight = number of co-occurrences
- Link direction = time ordered

t = yyyy

GROWING CONCEPTUAL SPACE



t = yyyy

- t = yyyy + 1
- All the albums released in a certain year are attached to the network
- Add new nodes, Add new links, Reinforce existing links
- Allow new tags to be part of the adjacent possible

GROWING CONCEPTUAL SPACE



t = yyyy



t = yyyy + 1

a: an album $tag \in T_a$: set of album tags $\{tag_i, tag_j\} \in E_a$: set of album tag couples

 y_a : album release date y_{tag} : tag creation year

TOPICAL REPRESENTATION



Topical Representation: apply community detection to the final network, each tag will be labelled according to the community it belongs to.

Classification of the tags according to the nowadays point of view.

"R'n'R" and "Rock and Roll" tags are equivalent.

 $l \in L_a$: album set of topics

TOPICAL REPRESENTATION



- Topics loosely represents music styles
- Few topics are usually dominating sharing more than 50% of the tags

METRICS DEFINITION: HETEROGENEITY AND TIME

$$e_a = \frac{-\sum_{i \in L_a} f(l) \log f(l)}{\log |L_a|}$$

Topical Entropy: heterogeneity in the topics of the tags of an album

$$TS = \frac{\sum_{e \in E_a} |y_{tag_2} - y_{tag_1}|}{|E_a|}$$

Average Time Span:

heterogeneity in the creation times of the tags of an album

$$A = \frac{\sum_{tag \in T_a} (y_a - y_{tag}) / (y_a - 1950)}{|T_a|} ~ \text{Average Tag Age: aging of the tags}$$

METRICS DEFINITION: GLOBAL PRODUCTION RELATION

$$M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \|\sqrt{f} - \sqrt{F}\|_2$$

Mainstreamness: Originality with respect to all the other albums

$$B_{a} = \sum_{l \in L_{a}} f(l) \frac{N_{l}(y_{a}+1) - N_{l}(y_{a})}{N_{l}(y_{a})}$$

Burstiness: Contribution to the growth of a particular topic

$$\label{eq:starses} \begin{split} \mathbf{METRICS DEFINITION: ADJACENT POSSIBLE AND} \\ \mathbf{METRICS DEFINITION: ADJACENT POSSIBLE AND} \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION} \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION} \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION} \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION} \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION} \\ \mathbf{INNOVATION \\ \mathbf$$

$$Adj(a) = \frac{\sum_{tag \in T_a} f_{Adj}(tag, y_a)}{|T_a|} \xrightarrow{\text{Adjacent Possible: Average}}_{\text{Fraction of Adjacent Possible}} \xrightarrow{\text{Adjacent Possible: Average}}_{\text{Unlocked by the tags of the album.}}$$

[1] Kauffman, S. A. Investigations: The Nature of Autonomous Agents and the Worlds They Mutually Create. SFI working papers (Santa Fe Institute, 1996).

[2] Gravino, P., et al. "Crossing the horizon: exploring the adjacent possible in a cultural system.", in ICCC 2016, proceedings of the Seventh International Conference on Computational Creativity, Paris, 2016

METRICS DEFINITION: LONG-TERM IMPACT

$$uch(a) = \frac{1}{|T_a|} \sum_{tag \in T_a} uch(tag) \left(1 - \frac{N(tag, y)}{N(tag)} \right)$$

Uchronia: Percentage of the network destroyed by the removal of the tags of the album

$$h_{uch}(a) = \frac{1}{|T_a|} \sum_{tag \in T_a} h_{uch}(tag) \left(1 - \frac{N(tag, y)}{N(tag)}\right)$$

Uchronia Entropy: Variation in the entropy of the distribution of the topics after the removal of the tags of the album

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN METRICS



- Strong Correlations between heterogeneity metrics, Mainstreamness and Playcount
- Playcount slightly anti-correlated with Age
- Almost every metrics is uncorrelated with the albums age
- Long-Term Impact correlated with Adjacent-Possible

LEVELS OF SIGNIFICANCE

- Popularity is the most common value attributed to a music album
- Last.fm **Playcount** is a good proxy for this kind of success (small-time bias = everlasting poluarity)
- Other possibilities are offered by **expert-made lists**:
 - The 500 Greatest Albums of All Time according to the Rolling Stone Magazine (RS)
 - The 500 Greatest Albums of All Time according to the NME Magazine
 - **GRAMMY Hall Of Fame** List
 - The National Recording Registry (NRR) list

LEVELS OF SIGNIFICANCE



- Bias Towards before 80s albums for Rolling Stone and Grammy
- Bias Towards popularity for Rolling Stone and NME
- Small or no bias for Grammy and NRR



- Four Main Categories:
 - Popular Albums: Albums with Playcount > 75th percentile of the Playcount distribution
 - Highly Popular Albums: Albums with Playcount > 90th percentile of the Playcount distribution
 - RS/NME Albums: Expert-made lists of albums with popularity bias
 - Grammy/NRR Albums: Expert-made lists of albums without popularity bias
- Are we able to predict if an album belongs to one of these categories?

CLASSIFICATION

Random Forest Classification: 80% of the sample as training, correction for small categories.

Popular Category: AuROC 0.86 Highly Popular Category: AuROC 0.92 RS/NME Category: AuROC 0.89 Grammy/NRR Category: AuROC 0.81



Rankings of the most important predictors in the classification with the Random Forest Algorithm





- Topical Entropy and Average Time Span are the best predictor
- Small Mainstreamness enhance the probability of belonging to the category



 Heterogeneity + Similarity to other artworks!

Conditional probabilities of belonging to the Popular Category

HIGHLY POPULAR CATEGORY



Conditional probabilities of belonging to the Highly Popular Category • Innovation comes into play!



- Heterogeneity + Introduction of Novelties!
- Mainstreamness is not shown but has the same effect as before





Conditional probabilities of belonging to the RS/NME Category

- Prediction quite similar to the highly popular category
- Mainstreamness is the most important predictor
- Maybe not so surprising..

GRAMMY/NRR CATEGORY



Conditional probabilities of belonging to the GRAMMY/NRR Category

- Burstiness is the most important predictor: at the beginning of a trend!
- Long-Term impact: influence over the largest topics
- Average Tag Age not shown but indicates tags very related to the release date of the album



• Cultural and Historical Value!

WHAT ABOUT THE ADJACENT POSSIBLE METRICS?



Conditional probabilities of belonging to the one of the four categories as a function of the Adjacent Possible Metrics

- Adjacent Possible Metric is never an important predictor
- It is a one-step-away in the future metric
- Related with many possibilities which will not be relevant..

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 No-one is rewarding the avant-garde!

CONCLUSIONS AND PERSPECTIVES

- We introduced a framework based on an expanding conceptual space representing music production
- We are able to identify albums appreciated by the public as well as those who had some impact from a cultural point of view
- Popularity = Heterogeneity + Innovation
- Cultural Value = Long-term Impact + New Trends
- Mainstreamness: don't be too different!
- Can we find and characterize other levels of significance? (is the adjacent possible relevant?)
- Other frameworks? Paintings, Movies, Scientific Papers? "Sleeping Beauties"?

THANKS FOR THE ATTENTION

Collaborators:

Pietro Gravino, ISI Foundation (Turin) Vito D.P. Servedio, Institute for Complex Systems (Rome) Francesca Tria, Sapienza University of Rome Vittorio Loreto, Sapienza University of Rome

MAINSTREAMNESS VS PLAYCOUNT

- A maximum seems to emerge
- Spearman's correlation coefficient is always negative
- Some similarity with the "Wundt Curve"







POPULAR MUSIC DB: LAST.FM

- We will focus on the **Albums** in Last.fm
- We will reconstruct the historical music production
- They are (used to be) the final product of the artistic creation activity
- "Death of Album" phenomenon is quite recent



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THE ADJACENT POSSIBLE FRAMEWORK



- The realization of something new (a new movie) is enabled by the presence of other things
- The Adjacent Possible is not real (yet)
- It consists of all those things which are just "one step" from being real
- Actualized by modification or recombination of the existent

The adjacent possible is a kind of shadow future, hovering on the edges of the present state of things, a map of all the ways in which the present can reinvent itself.

Robert Johnson, from the Wall Street Journal article ''The Genius of the Tinkerer''